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EFFECTS OF TEXO #502AF

AND PENNSALT CLEANER #4L

PAINT STRIFPERS ON

COMMONLY USED AIRCRAFT MATERIALS

REPORT A074 SERIAL NO. 4

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DATE_	10	September	1963
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EFFECTS OF TEXO #502AF

AND PENNSALT CLEANER #44

PAINT STRIPPERS ON

COMMONLY USED AIRCRAFT MATERIALS

REPORT A074 SERIAL NO. 4

MCDONNELL

This report was prepared under Contract Number AF33(657)-11215 and BPSN: 63-6899-7381-738103. Additional information pertaining to any data contained herein may be obtained from the Directorate of Materials and Processes (ASRCEM-1), Aeronautical Systems Division, Air Force Systems Command, United States Air Force. Wright-Patterson Air Force Base, Ohio, or McDonnell Aircraft Corporation, St. Louis, Missouri

INDEX (Alwt-3,5)(IV-a)(Mg-1)(IV-a)

CODF (FeL-1, Plat-2)(IV-a)

(FeuH-3)(I-d,h,k)(IV-a)

DATE 28 June 1962
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PAINT STRIPPERS ON COMMONLY USED AIRCRAFT MATERIALS

ABSTRACT

Epoxy paint used on F4H detail parts is presently being stripped by hand. Because of increased epoxy paint requirements, tank stripping operations are urgently needed to eliminate costly hand stripping. Therefore, it is necessary to determine if the proposed tank type paint strippers have any deleterious effects on materials they will contact.

Test panels and tensile strength specimens were imported in the paint strippers under conditions simulating operating conditions. Panels were checked for weight change, discoloration, and evidence of corrosion. The panels were then placed in the salt spray, in accordance with Method 811.1 of Federal Test Method Standard 151, using a 20% salt solution.

Tensile strength specimens were used to determine if either paint stripper caused hydrogen embrittlement of high heat treated steel.

The Texo No. 502AF is not practicable because of the residue it leaves.

The Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 slightly impaired the corrosion resistant properties of anodized aluminum and a definite impairment on the corrosion resistant properties of alodined aluminum was observed. The Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 did not change the corrosion resistant properties of sealed and unsealed cadmium plated steel.

Neither paint stripper caused hydrogen embrittlement of high heat treated steel.

PREPARED BY ROW OF PRESENT	APPROVED BY Jan alhamin
Test Engineer	Senior Engineer, Materials and Methods, Chemical Green
APPROVED BY WELLIAM	APPROVED BY he report
Chief, Structures laborat	

DISTRIBUTION: J. S. Brooks, E. L. Durbin(3), Engineering Library, C. Fleming, C. Fuqua*, R. F. Johnson* E, Pieper*, E. Szabo* J. W. Waggoner, R. Wieland, E. Welhart* (*abstract only)

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1. OBJECT

To determine if Texo No. 502AF or Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 are corrosive to commonly used aircraft materials and adversely affect the chemical surface treatments or platings, or cause hydrogen embrittlement of high strength heat treated steel.

2. SPECIMEN PREPARATION

The panels, measuring $6.0^{\circ} \times 2.5^{\circ} \times 0.040^{\circ}$, were prepared and chemically treated or plated as shown in Table 1, page 6, of this report. The panels designated "50" were anodised in Building 27 and sealed in the Laboratory with distilled water at 200F.

The tensile strength specimens were prepared as shown in Figure 1, page 23, of this report.

5. TESTING PROCEDURE

The corrosion test panels were cleaned by boiling one minute in C.P. isopropanol and one minute in C.P. benzene, and were immediately weighed.

Three panels from each group were then placed in each type of paint stripper, as shown in Table 5, pages 12.46. The Texo No. 502AF paint stripper was tested at room temperature for eight hours and the Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 was tested at 180F for eight hours.

After immersion, the panels were rinsed and brushed to free them of paint stripper residue. The panels were then recleaned in boiling C.P. isopropanol and C.P. bensene and immediately weighed. The panels were then examined for discoloration and evidence of corrosion.

All aluminum panels and the cadmium plated 4130C steel panels were exposed to salt spray in accordance with method 811.1 of Federal Test Method Standard 151, using a 20% salt solution. Three identical panels of each group were also exposed as controls.

The panels were allowed to remain in the salt spray until correction developed on either the panels exposed to a paint stripper or the controls. The panels were then compared with the controls to determine the effect of the paint strippers on the correction resistant properties of the chemical surface treatments or plating.

Three unnotched tensile specimens were pulled to determine tensile strength, yield strength, percent reduction in area, and percent elongation

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3. TESTING PROCEDURE

in 1.0" gage length. The strain rate was 0.005 in/in/minute to yield and 0.010 to 0.030 in/in/minute beyond yield.

The average notched tensile strength (NTS) was determined from 5 specimens. This value was used to load the actual test specimens.

Twenty notched tensile specimens were cleaned by boiling them one minute in C.P. isopropanol and and one minute in C.P. benzene. Immediately after cleaning, ten specimens were exposed to Texo No. 502AF paint stripper at room temperature for eight hours and ten specimens were exposed to Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 at 180F for eight hours. Immediately after exposure the specimens were rinsed to free them of paint stripper residue. Ten specimens, five treated with Texo No. 502AF and five treated with Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 were loaded at 75% of the NTS for 100 hours and then at 90% of the NTS for 100 hours. The remaining specimens treated in paint stripper were loaded in the same manner, 24 hours after the paint stripper residue was removed.

Five untreated control specimens were loaded at 75% of the NTS for 100 hours and then at 90% of the NTS for 100 hours.

Ten notched specimens were baked at 375F for 23 hours. A second NTS value was determined from 5 of these baked specimens. Using this NTS value, the five remaining specimens were loaded to 75% of the NTS for 100 hours and then at 90% of the NTS for 100 hours.

4. TEST RESULTS

The change in weight of each panel is presented in Table 2, pages 7 through 11 of this report.

Observations of discoloration, pitting and corrosion of each panel are presented in Table 3, pages 12 through 16.

The condition of each panel as compared with the control panels after salt spray exposure, and the number of hours each panel was exposed to the salt spray are shown in Table 4, pages 17through 19.

Tensile strength data on RTS specimens treated with paint stripper are presented in Table 5, page 20.

Tensile strength data on MTS control specimens are presented in Table 6, page 21.

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4. TEST RESULTS (cont'd.)

Tensile strength data of unmotched specimens are presented in Table 7, page 22.

Color photographs, Figures 2 through 10, showing the condition of all test panels after removal from the salt spray are presented in pages 24 through 32.

5. DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The MIL-C-5541 treated aluminum panels developed a green discoloration in impersion in Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44. This was apparently due to the Yact that the Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 reduced the chromium present in the aligner.

Anodized aluminum panels exhibited a weight increase of approximately 30-50 mg on exposure to Texo No. 502AF. This weight increase was due to a residue left by the paint stripper. All attempts to remove this residue with common solvents failed. Liquitex Cleaner, manufactured and supplied by the Texo Corporation proved to be of negligible value in removing this residue.

All other weight changes on aluminum panels were slight, seldom being over 5 mg.

In general, weight increases were due to a residue being left by the paint stripper and loss of weight was due to the paint stripper attacking the punel.

In instances where the panels immersed in stripper exhibited less corrosion than the controls, an increase in weight was also noted. As a weight increase indicates a residue that was left by the paint stripper, it follows that this residue protects the panel against the corrosive effects of the salt spray environment.

Anodized bare 2024-T3 aluminum control panels failed after only 72 hours in the salt spray. To determine if the anodized panels were at fault, another group of panels, designated "50", was tested. The control panels in this group failed after 120 hours. In both groups, the treated panels exhibited less corresion than the controls.

Metallographic specimens of NT3 specimens 7, 19, 41 and 39 were made to determine whether either paint stripper caused intergranular corrosion. Figures 11 through 14, pages 33 through 34 are photomicrographs (250X) of the failure surface. There was no apparent intergranular corrosion in any of the specimens.

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6. CONCLUBIONS

The Texo No. 502AF paint stripper is not practicable because of the residue it leaves.

The Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 slightly impaired the corrosion-resistant properties of anodized aluminum and a definite impairment on the corrosion-resistant properties of alodine aluminum was observed. The Pennsalt Cleaner No. 44 did not change the corrosion-resistant properties of sealed and unsealed cadmium plated steel.

Heither paint stripper caused hydrogen embrittlement of high heat treated steel.

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TABLE 1

PAMEL MATERIAL & TEATMENT SPECIFICATIONS

PANEL DESIGNATION	MATERIAL	SURFACE TREATMENT
3A (1 THRU 9)	ALCLAD 2024-T3 ALUMINUM	ANODIZED
3B (ITHRU 9)	ALCLAD 2024-T3 ALUMINUM	MIL-C-5541
4A(ITHRU 9)	ALCLAD 7075-T6 ALUMINIM	ANODIZED
4B(1THRU 9)	ALCLAD 7075-T6 ALUMINUM	MIL-C-5541
5A(ITHRU 9)	BARE 2024-T3 ALUMINUM	ANODIZED
5B (ITHRU 9)	BARE 2024-T3 ALUMINUM	MIL-C-5541
5C (ITHRU 9)	BARE 2024-T3 ALUMINUM	ANODIZED "
6-(1THRU 6)	4130 C STEEL	POLI SHED
7-(ITHRU 9)	4130 C STEEL	CADMIUM PLATED
75 (I THRU 9)	4130C STEEL	CAD, PLATE È DICHROMATE
8-(ITHRU 6)	AZ 31B-H24 MAGNESIUM	DOW 17
9-(1 THRU 6)	AMS 4910 TITANIUM	POLISHED
I THRU 6	AZ 318-H24 MAGNESIUM	DICHROMATE

* SECOND GROUP

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TABLE 2

PANEL WEIGHT CHANGE DATA

PANE L NUMBER	WEIGHT BEFORE IMMERSION	WEIGHT AFTER IMMERSION	WEIGHT CHANGE
3A I	26.8873	26.9022	+ 0.0349
3A2	26.8923	26.9303	+0.0380
3A3	27. 2586	27.2949	+0.0363
3A7	26.9485	26.9430	-0,0055
3A8	26.9589	26.9494	- 0.0095
3A9	26,8997	26.8900	- 0.0097
3 B I	26.4016	26.3998	-0.0018
3B2	26.3512	26.3485	-0.0027
383	26.4193	26.4172	-0.0021
387	26. 2235	26.2243	+0.0008
3 B B	26, 2670	26.2690	+ 0.0020
389	26.4025	26.4036	+ 0.0016
4A1	26.8236	26.8596	• 0.0360
4A2	26.9848	27.0243	10.0295
4A3	27 0507	27 0882	+0.0375
4 A 7	27 0423	27 0375	- 0.0048
4 A 8	27.0972	27 0905	-0.0067
4A9	26.7620	267576	-0.0044

ALL WEIGHTS ARE GIVEN IN GRAMS

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TABLE 2 CONTINUED PANEL WEIGHT CHANGE DATA

			
PANEL NUMBER	WEIGHT BEFORE IMMERSION	WEIGHT AFTER IMMERSION	WEIGHT CHANGE
4 B I	26.5056	26.5046	-0,0010
4B2	26.7729	26.7711	-0.0018
4B3	26.8449	26,8441	-0.0008
4B7	26.8749	26.8759	+0.0010
488	26.8333	26.8348	+0.0015
4B9	26.6866	26.6875	+0.0009
5A!	28.2606	28.3086	+0.0480
5A2	28.1551	28.2058	+ 0.0507
5 A 3	28.3910	28.4402	+0.0498
5 A 7	28.2124	28.2093	-0.0031
5 A 8	28.2303	28.2249	-0.0054
5A9	28.2291	28.2250	-0.0041
5B1	27.5230	27, 5205	-0.0025
5B2	28 0136	28.0112	-0.0024
5 B 3	27.9631	27.9609	-0.0022
587	27. 7605	27 7629	+0.0024
588	27 7766	27.7797	+0.0021
5 B 9	27. 8584	27 8606	+0.0024

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TABLE 2 CONTINUED PANEL WEIGHT CHANGE DATA

PANEL	WEIGHT BEFORE	WEIGHT ACTES	
NUMBER	MMERSION	WEIGHT AFTER IMMERSION	WEIGHT CHANGE
5C1	33,3524	33,3686	+0.0162
502	33.4837	33,4971	+0.0134
5C3	33.4748	33.4883	+0.0135
5C7	33.4181	33.4531	+0.0350
508	33.2353	33.2735	+0.0382
509	32.8749	32.9176	+0.0427
6-1	73.9873	73.9775	-0.0098
6-2	73.0310	73.0405	+0.0095
6 -3	73.5135	73.5170	+0.0035
6-4	73.8659	73.9198	+0.0539
6-5	74.0046	74.0376	+0.0330
6-6	73.8349	73.8694	+0.0345
7-1	74.3102	74, 3048	-0.0054
7-2	75.2278	75.2200	-C.0078
7-3	75.9719	75.9993	+0.0174
7-7	74.5208	74.5178	-0.0090
7-8	74 2854	74.3036	+0.0182
7-9	74,5449	74.5680	+ 0 0231

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TABLE 2 CONTINUED PANEL WEIGHT CHANGE DATA

	TOTAL METON I	TINVOE DATA	
PANEL NUMBER	WEIGHT BEFORE IMMERSION	WEIGHT AFTER IMMERSION	NEIGHT CHANGE
751	91.6767	91.6759	-0.000B
752	90.1283	90 1300	+0.0017
753	92,5719	92.5866	+ 0.0167
757	92.4025	92.4126	+ 0.0101
758	91,9803	91.9664	- 0.0139
759	92 5243	92.5264	+ 0.0021
8-1	17, 8448	17.8474	+ 0.0026
8-2.	17 8502	17.8510	10.CO08
8-3	17. 8394	17 8409	10.0016
8-4	17 0328	17.834C	+0.0012
8-5	17 8468	17. 8AF. 2	+0.0014
රි- ව	17. 8411	17.8422	+0.0011
9-1	44.3191	44.3155	-0.0036
9- 2	44.2053	44.2607	- C.OC46
9-3	44.1176	44,1146	- 0.6230
9-4	44.3441	44.3443	+0.0002
9-5	44 5400	44.5382	-0.0018
9-6	44.0972	44,0933	~C.CC39

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TABLE 2 CONTINUED FANEL WEIGHT CHANGE DATA

	LUURE ALENDI	CHANGE PAIR	
PANEL NUMBER	WEIGHT BEFORE	WEIGHT AFTER IMMERSION	WEIGHT CHANGE
1	16,9512	16,9515	+0.0003
2	16.9800	16.9811	+0,0011
3	16.9739	16.9743	+0.0004
4	16.9495	16.9488	-0.0007
5	16.9408	10 9385	-00023
6	16.9388	16.9387	-0.0001

ALL WEIGHTS ARE GIVEN IN GRAMS

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PANEL SURFACE OBSERVATIONS

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	PANEL SURFACE	OBSERVATIONS
PANEL NUMBER	PAINT STRIPPER	VISUAL OBSERVATIONS AFTER IMMERSION
3A I	TEXO \$502AF	NO CHANGE
3A2	n	p
3A3	u	И
3A7	PENNSALT #44	NO CHANGE
3A8	4	
3A5	i ii	ja .
3B1	TEXO* 502AF	NO CHANGE
3B2	d	· ·
3B3	4	''
3B7	PENNSALT *44	SLIGHT GREEN DISCOLORATION
388	п	·
389	k	u
4A1	TEXO \$502AF	NO CHANGE
4A2	b 1	٠
4A3	4	,,
4A7	PENNSALT 44	NO CHANGE
446	*	
449	1	

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TABLE 3 CONTINUED PANEL SURFACE OBSERVATIONS

	PANCE SUNTAC	e observations
PANEL NUMBER	PAINT STRIPPER	VISUAL OBSERVATIONS AFTER IMMERSION
481	TEXO*502AF	NO CHANGE
4B2	μ	e e
463	çı	v
487	PENNSALT *44	SLIGHT GREEN DISCOLORATION
488		U
4B9	1 1	:
5AI	TEXO #502AF	NO CHANGE
5A2	11	ų
5A3		v
5A7	PENNSALT*44	NO CHANGE
5A8	"	•
5 A 9	•	ed.
581	TEXO #502AF	NO CHANGE
582	iı	п
583	11	in .
587	PENNSALT *44	SLIGHT GREEN DISCOLORATION
588	a	u
589	14	u

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TABLE 3 CONTINUED PANEL SURFACE OBSERVATIONS

	PAINT STRIPPER	VISUAL OBSERVATIONS AFTER IMMERSION
501	PENNSALT #44	NO CHANGE
5C2		N .
5C3	и	u ,
5C7	TEXO # 502AF	NO CHANGE
508	tı	ty
5 C9	н	. u
6-1	TEXO \$50RAF	NO CHANGE
6-2	tr	
6-3	ıı	ц
6-4	PENNSALT *44	LOST GLOSS
6-5	u	. "
6-6	u	u
7-1	TEXO *502AF	NO CHANGE
7-2	11	u-
7-3	t	u
7-7	PENNSALT *44	NO CHANGE
ع ۳۰	ı	u
7-9	a	•

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TABLE 3 CONTINUED PANEL SURFACE OBSERVATIONS

PANEL NUMBER	PAINT VISUAL OBSERVATIONS AFTER STRIPPER IMMERSION			
751	PENNSALT 144	SLIGHT GREEN DISCOLORATION		
752	ч	4		
753	"	н		
757	TEXO *502AF	NO CHANGE		
758	4	۵		
759	ų	ц		
8-1	TEXO 502AF	NO CHANGE		
8-2	Ą	•		
ව-3	1	Ħ		
8-4	PENNSALT #44	NO CHANGE		
8-5	1	ti.		
5-6	11	п		
9-1	TEXC * SCRAF	NO CHANGE		
9-2	L)	•		
9-3	tu ti	4		
9-4	PEIN-ALI 444	NO CHANGE		
9-5	i L L	i v		
9-6		t _i		

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TABLE 3 CONTINUED PANEL SURFACE OBSERVATIONS

PANEL NUMBER	PAINT STRIPPER	VISUAL OBSERVATIONS AFTER IMMERSION
1	PENNSALT# 44	NO CHANGE
2	ıı	al
3	t _i	μ
4	TEXO *502AF	NO CHANGE
5	•	u
6	v	ų.

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TABLE 4 SALT SPRAY RESULTS

	JAL!	SPRAY RESULTS
PANEL NUMBER	NO. HRS. IN SPRAY	PANEL CONDITION COMPARED TO CONTROLS
3AI	264	LESS CORROSION; SLIGHT PITTING
3A2	W	ų
3A3	4	v
3A7	4	MORE CORROSION
3A8	4	u
3A9	н	u
3B1	168	LESS CORROSION
3B2	V	u u
383	ų	u .
3 B 7	4	MORE CORROSION
388	•	l _j
389	u	•
4 A I	264	LESS CORROSION; SLIGHT PITTING
4 A 2	W	
4 A 3	•	•
4A7		MORE CORROSION
448	y	at
449	•	

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TABLE 4 CONTINUED SALT SPRAY RESULTS

PANEL NUMBER	NO, HRS. IN SPRAY	PANEL CONDITION COMPARED TO CONTROLS	
4B I	168	LESS CORROSION	
4B2	ч	и	
483	и	•	
487	•	MORE CORROSION	
488	ч		
489	ព	н	
5A1	72	MUCH LESS CORROSION	
5A2	•	•	
5A3	ŧ	ı	
5A7	ŧ	LESS CORROSION	
5A8	•	N	
5A9	u		
581	168	LESS CORROSION	
582	Ħ	u .	
583	•	u	
587	u	MORE CORROSION	
588	•	•	
589	•	ч .	

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TABLE 4 CONTINUED SALT SPRAY RESULTS

PANEL NO. HRS. NUMBER IN STRAY SC1 120 LESS CORROSION 5C2 " LESS CORROSION 5C8 " " LESS CORROSION 5C8 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	·	`	DALI SPRAY RESULTS
5C2 5C3 5C7 LESS CORROSION 5C8 5C9 7-1 100 NO DIFFERENCE 7-2 17-7 NC DIFFERENCE 7-8 7-9 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLLR - NO CORROSION 752 757 757 757 757 756			PANEL CONDITION COMPARED TO CONTROLS
5C3 - LESS CORROSION 5C8 - " 5C9 - " 7-1 100 NO DIFFERENCE 7-2 - " 7-3 - " 7-7 - NC DIFFERENCE 7-8 - " 7-9 - " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLOR - NO CORROSION 752 - " 757 - CMIE LOSS IN COLOR - NO CORROSION 756 - "	5C1	120	LESS CORROSION
5C7 " LESS CORROSION 5C8 " 7-1 100 NO DIFFERENCE 7-2 " 7-7 " NC DIFFERENCE 7-8 " 7-9 " 751 144 SOME LOSE IN COLUR - NO CORROSION 752 " 757 " COME LOSE IN COLOR - NO CORROSION 758 "	5CZ	4,	la .
5C8	503	•	to to
7-1 100 NO DIFFERENCE 7-2 . " 7-3 . " 7-7 . NC DIFFERENCE 7-8 . " 7-9 . " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLLR - NO CLARCION 752 . " 753 . " 757 . CLME LOSS IN COLLR - NO CLARDUCN 756 . "	5C7	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	LESS CORROSION
7-1 100 NO DIFFERENCE 7-2 " " 7-3 " " NO DIFFERENCE " 7-8 " " 7-9 " " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLUR - NO CORROSION " 752 " " 753 " " COME LOSS IN COLOR - NO CORROSION 756 "	5C&	•	"
7-2 . " 7-3 . " NC DIFFERENCE 7-8 . " 7-9 . " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLOR—NO CORROCION 752 . " 753 . " 757 . COME LOSS IN COLOR—NO CORROCION 756 . "	5C9	•	ν .
7-7 " NC DIFFERENCE. 7-8 " " 7-9 " " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLOR—NO CORROSION 752 " " 753 " " 757 " SOME LOSS IN COLOR—NO CORROSION 756 "	7-1	100	NO DIFFERENCE
7-7 " NC DIFFERENCE 7-8 " 7-9 " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLLR - NO CORROGION 752 " 753 " 757 " SOME LOSS IN COLOR - NO CORROGION 756 "	7-2	•	· \
7-8 " 7-9 " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLUR - NO CORROSION 752 " 753 " 757 " SOME LOSS IN COLOR- NO CORROSION 758 "	7-3	t.	ı
7-9 " 751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLOR—NO CORROSION 752 " 753 " 757 " SOME LOSS INCOLOR—NO CORROSION 756 "	7-7	••	NC DIFFERENCE
751 144 SOME LOSS IN COLOR—NO CORROSION 752 " " 753 " " 757 " SCME LOSS IN COLOR—NO CORROSION 756 "	7-8		•
752 " " 753 " " 757 " " SCRIE LOGO INCOLOR-NO CURROCION 756 "	7-9	t.	
753 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	751	144	SOME LOSS IN COLLR-NO CORROSION
757 " SCME LOSO INCOLOR-NO CORROCION 756 "	752	11	V)
75 c	753	3,4	
	757	,,	SCHIE LOSO INCOLOR- NO CORROCION
759	75°	u.	
	759	•	

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TABL

2.7 HRS.

·			-				1 / i i	ノL
SPECIME	N SPECIF	TCATIONS		(STATIC L	OADIN	IG	
SPECIMEN NUMBER	NOTCH DIAMETER (IN)	AREA	75% LOAD (LBO)	90% LOAD (EBS)	75% LOAD	DING		90
					NO FAILL	JRE	N	0 1
17	.175	.02405	6255	7500	112.2 HRS AT	T5.6%	143.8	HRS
19	.175	.02405	6255	7506	112.2 HRS AT	75.8%	143.8	HR
25	.175	.02405	6255	7506	112.2 HRS AT	75.6%	143.8	HR:
. 37	.175	.02105	6255	7506	112.2 HRS, AT	75.6%	143.8	HR
44	.i75	.02405	6255	7506	112.2 HRS. AT	75.6 %	143.8	HR
					NO FAILUI	RE		FAIL
41	.168	.02212	6255	7506	94 HRS, AT	82.2%	, I H	35.
5	.171	.02292	6255	7506	94 HRS AT	79.3 %	,15 Hf	₹S.
18	.172	.02322	6255	7506	94 HRS AT	783%	.3 H	
3 0	.1725	.02334	0255	7506	TA ANH 40	77.8 🕏	.35 H	₹3.
13	.173	.02350	6255	7506	94 HRS AT	77.3%	.25 H	℧,
					NO FAILUR	E	1	10 F
25	.173	.02350	6255	7580	95,5 HRO, AT	77.3%	95.2 HR	5.
29	.174	.02376	G255	7380	95.5 HRS, AT	785%	95.2 HR	5.
39	.174	.02376	6255	7380	95.5 HR5, AT	76.5K	95.2 HR	9,
14	.175	.02405	6255	7380	95.5 HRS. AT	75.64	95.2 HA	5.
\5	<i>و11</i> .	.02405	6255	7380	95.5 HPG. AT	13.6%	95.2 HA	მ.
					NO FAILURI	E		FAIL
7	.176	,02432	6255	7530	99.2 HRS. AT	74.7%	2,7 HR	S,
12	١٦6	.02A3Z	6255	7530	99.2 HR AT	74.7%	2.7 H	
16	.176	.02432	6255	7550	99.2 HRS. AT	7474	2.7 HF	ნ ,
23	.176	,02532	6255	7530	99,2 HRS. AT	74.74	Z.7 14	ნ .

.02432 G255 7530 99.2 HR AT 74.7%

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FIRAL RES

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	DYNAMIC LOADING			SPECIMEN CONDITIONS	
90% LOADING	% OF N.T.S. AT FAILURE	FAILING LOAD (LBS)	Failing Stress(PSI)	TREATMENT	
NO FAILURE 3.8 HRS, AT 90.8 % 3.8 HRS, AT 90.8 %	98.4 % 94 · 6 % 96 · 2 % 99 · 1 %	8140 7820 7960 8200 8200	338,800 325,400 331,000 341,000	EXPOSED TO PENNSALT *44 FOR 8 HOURS AT 180°F AND IMMEDIATELY LOADED.	
FAILED 1 HRS. AT 98.5 % 5 HRS. AT 95.0 % 5 HRS. AT 93.9 % 35 HRS. AT 93.3 % 35 HRS. AT 92.8 %				EXPOSED TO PENNSALT "44 FOR 8 HOURS AT 180°F AND LOADED 24 HOURS AFTER REMOVAL.	
NO FAILURE 2 HRS. AT 91.2 % 2 HRS. AT 90.2 % 2 HRS. AT 90.2 % 2 HRS. AT 89.1 % .2 HRS. AT 89.1 %	91 .6 7 98 .8 7 98 .2 7 100 .7 7 91 .3 7	7400 8080 8040 8340 7560	315,000 340,000 338,000 347,000 314,500	EXPOSED TO TEXO \$ 502AF FOR 8 HOURS AT ROOM! TEMPERATURE AND IMMEDIATELY LOADED.	
FAILED THRS. AT 900% THE. AT 900% THE. AT 900% THE. AT 900% THE. AT 900%				EXPOSED TO TEXO \$502AF FOR 8 HOURS AT ROOM TEMPERATURE AND LOADED 24 HOURS AFTER REMOVAL.	

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IC LOADING			SPECIMEN CONDITIONS	
	FAILING LOAD (LBS)		TREATMENT	
	8140 7820 7960 8200 8200	338,800 325,400 331,000 341,000	EXPOSED TO PENNSALT #44 FOR 8 HOURS AT 180°F AND IMMEDIATELY LOADED.	
			EXPOSED TO PENNSALT "44 FOR 8 HOURS AT 180°F AND LOADED 24 HOURS AFTER REMOVAL.	
	7400 8080 8040 8340 7560	315,000 340,000 338,000 347,000 314,500	EXPOSED TO TEXO \$ 502AF FOR 8 HOURS AT ROOM! TEMPERATURE AND IMMEDIATELY LOADED,	
			EXPOSED TO TEXO \$502AF FOR 8 HOURS AT ROOM TEMPERATURE AND LOADED 24 HOURS AFTER REMOVAL.	

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TABLE 6

SPECIMEN	SPECIF	ICATIONS	STATIC L	OADING
SPECIMEN NUMBER	NOTCH DIAMETER (IN)	AREA (IN.)2	75% LOADING	90 % LOA
2 3 4 5	.175 .175 .176 .175	,02405 .02405 ,02432 .02405 .02460		
AVEAGE	LAV E.T.N.	E=344,200		
22 27 35 AVERAGE	.1775 .1795 .178 N.T.S. VALLE	.02472 .02528 .02488		
33	.177	,02450	NO FAILURE 98.7 HRS. AT 74.7%	FAILED TA CRY BAS
36 38 42 43	.176 .176 .176 .176	,02432 ,02432 ,02432 ,02432	98.7 HRS. AT 74.7% 98.7 HRS. AT 74.7% 98.7 HRS. AT 74.7% 98.7 HRS. AT 74.7%	54.9 HRS. AT 44.3 HRS AT
8 10 20 24 28	.178 .178 .178 .178 .178	.02488 .02488 .02488 .02488	99.8 HRS AT 75.3% 99.8 HRS AT 75.3%	112 HR5. AT

^{*} GRIP FAILURE ON LOADING TO 89.7% N.T.9.

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	DYNAMIC 1	LOADING	SPECIMEN CONDITIONS
SADING	FAILING LOAD (LBS)	FAILING STRESS (PSI)	TREATMENT
	8220 8280 8420 8460 8280	342,000 344,300 346,100 351,800 336,800	NO TREATMENT; THESE SPECIMENS PULLED FOR NOTCHED TENSILE STRENGTH (N.T.S.) VALUES,
	8340 8440 8200	337, 300 333,800 329,300	BAKED FOR 23 HOURS AT 375"F. PULLED FOR N.T.S. VALUES
ED VT 68.7 % VT 89.7 % VE 89.7 % - 89.7 %			NO TREATMENT; USED AS CONTROLS
29.7% 89.7% 69.7% 69.7%	8020 8200 8080 7980 7840	729, 2000 92 7° (NTS) 324, 800(97,47, NTS)	BAKED FOR 23 HOURS AT 375°F AND LOADED FOR 99.8 HOURS AT 75.3% N.T.S. AND 112 HOURS AT 89.7% N.T.S. SPECIMENS WERE THEN PULLED FOR N.T.S. VALUES

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SPECIMEN CONDITIONS

TREATMENT

NO TREATMENT; THESE SPECIMENS

PULLED FOR NOTCHED TENSILE STRENGTH

(N.T.S.) VALUES.

BAKED FOR 23 HOURS AT 375°F. POLLED FOR N.T.S. VALUES

NO TREATMENT; USED AS CONTROLS

BAKED FOR 23 HOURS AT 375°F AND LOADED FOR 99.8 HOURS AT 75.3% N.T.S. AND 112 HOURS AT 89.7 % N.T.S. SPECIMENS WERE THEN PULLED FOR N.T.S. VALUES

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TABLE 7

UNNOTCHED TENSILE SPECIMEN RESULTS

SPECIMEN NUMBER	1	YIELD STRENGTH	GAGE LENGTH	% ELON- GATION	% REDUCTION IN AREA
1	280,000 PSI	230,500 P51	I, O IN.	(I	34.1
2	281,000 PSI	236,000 PSI	1.0 IN.	13	32,9
3	279,500 PSI	231,000 PS1	10 IN.	12.5	37. 5

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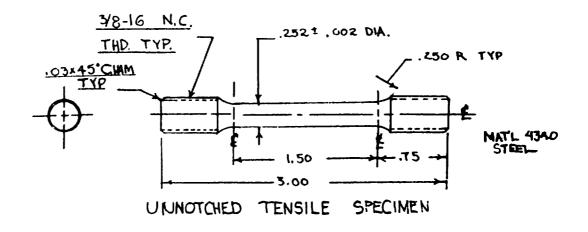
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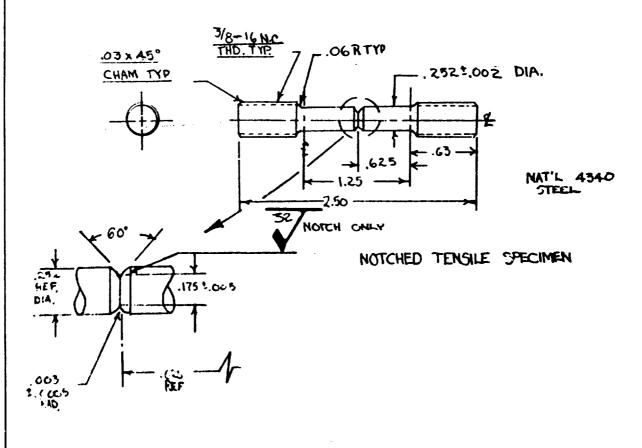
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FIGURE 1





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AINT STRIPPER PANELS
ORROSION TEST
ANODIZED 2024-T3
ALCLAD ALUMINUM
TEST LENGTH-264 HRS.

TEXO # 502 AF

CONTROL

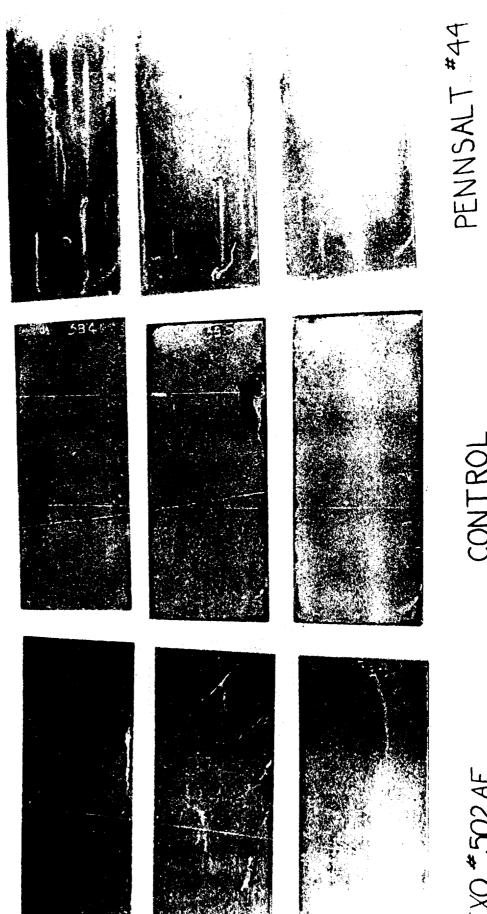
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FIGURE 2

PENNSALT #44

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PAINT STRIPPER PANELS
AFTER SALT SPRAY
CORROSION TEST
ALODINED 2024-T3
ALCLAD ALUMINUM TEST LENGTH- 168HRS.



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FIGURE 3

CONTROL

KE PORT

TEXO # 502 AF

PAINT STRIPPER PANELS
AFTER SALT SPRAY
CORROSION TEST
ANODIZED 7075-T6
ALCLAD ALUMINUM
TEST LENGTH-264 HRS.

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PENNSALT #44

FIGURE

CONTRO

PENNSALT #44

CONTROL

TEXO # 502AF

FIGURE 5

6 AD ALGENIA. 168HRS.

PENNSALT #44

PAINT STRIPPER FANEL
AFTER SALT SITAL
CORROSION TEST
ANODIZED 2024-T3
BARE ALUMINUM
TEST LENGTH-72HRS.

CONTROL

TEXO #502 AF

FIGURE 6

PAINT STRIPPER PANELS
AFTER SALT SPRAY
CORROSION TEST
ALODINED 2024-T3
BARE ALUMINUM
TEST LENGTH- 168HRS.



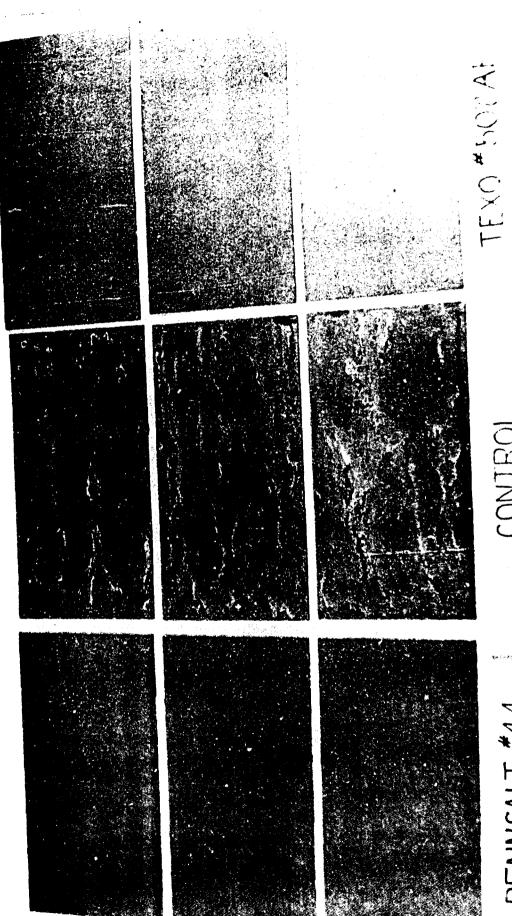


TEXO # 502 AF

PENNSALT #44 Bost Available Copy CONTROL FIGME 7

PAINT STRIPPER PANELS

AFTER SALT SPRAY
CORROSION TEST
ANODIZED 2024-T3
BARE ALUMINUM
TEST LENGTH- 120 HRS.



PENNSALT *44

CONTROL FIGURE 8 Bost Available Copy PAINT STRIPPER PANIES

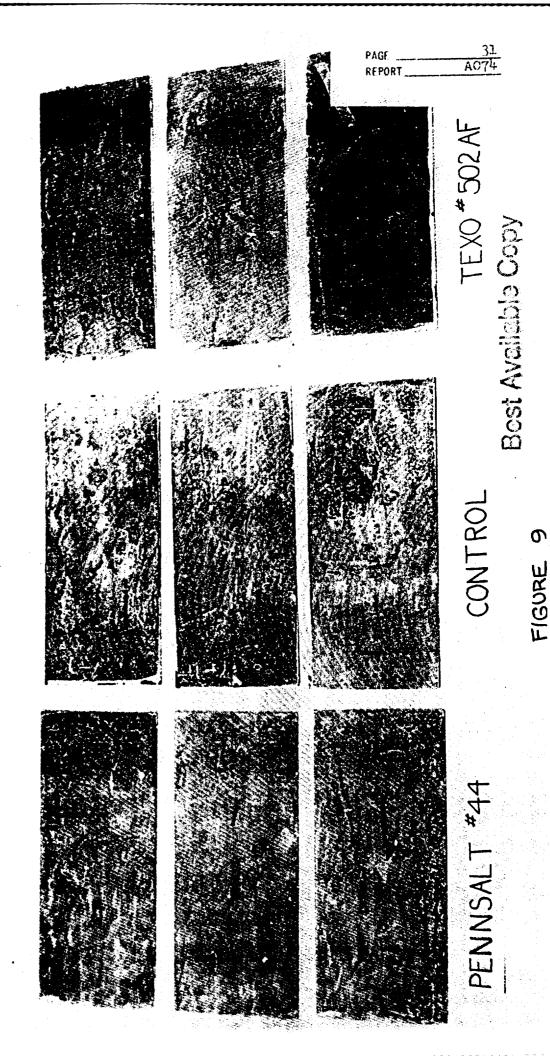
AFTER JAIT SPANIES

CORROS IN TEST

CADMUR PLATED

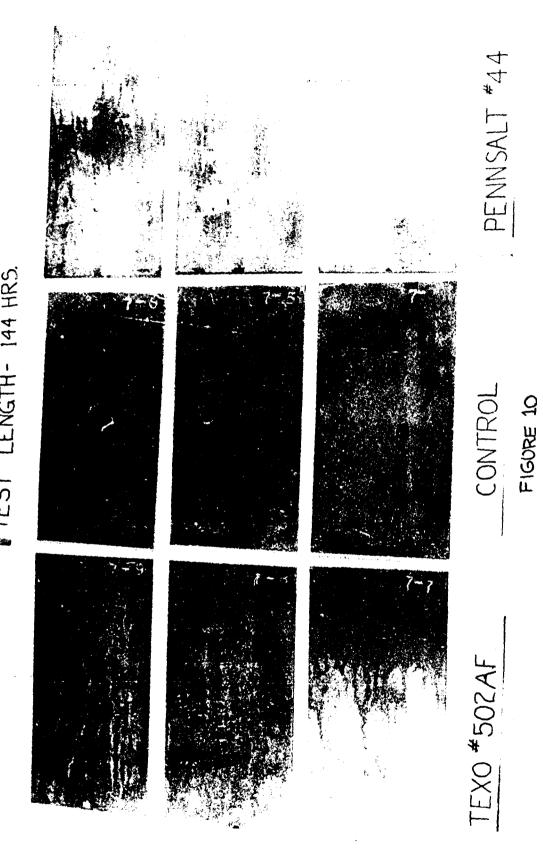
A150C STEEL

TEST LENGTH-100 HRS.



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PAINT STRIPPER PANELS
AFTER SALT SPRAY
CORROSION TEST
CADMIUM PLATED E
DICHROMATED 4130 C
STEEL
TEST LENGTH- 144 HRS.



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FIGURE 11 - PHOTOMICROGRAPH (250X) OF MTS SPECIMEN SXMSTED TO THE NO. 4 139
FOR EIGHT HOURS AND LOADED INMEDIATELY AFTER REMOVAL.

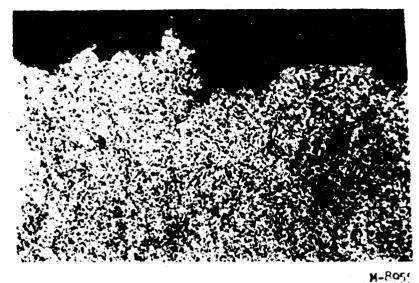


FIGURE 12 - PHOTOMICROGRAPH (250X) OF MTS SPECIMEN EXPOSED TO TEXO NO. 1 CAP FOR EIGHT HOURS AND LOADED TWENTY-FOUR HOURS AFTER REMOVAL



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FIGURE 13 - PHOTOMICROGRAFH (250X) OF NTS SPECIMEN EXPOSED TO PUNISALT CLEANER NO. 44 FOR EIGHT HOURS AND LOADED IMMEDIATELY APTER REMOVAL.



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PIGURE 14 - PHOTONICROGRAPH (250X) OF NTS SPECIMEN EXFOSED TO PENNSALT CLEANER NO. 44 FOR EIGHT HOURS AND LOADED 24 HOURS AFTER REMOVAL



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PAGE 1 OF	. 20 JAN. 89)	TEST	REQUEST
TITLE Ef	fects of Texo # 502A	F and Pennsalt	Cleaner #யு
Paint St	rippers on Commonly	Used Aircraft M	aterials
DEPT 2	or dept. responsible for tes 52. CRF/CMP	1-5-6Z	MODEL
	ON IBM : ON TPL NO		APC/EPI
	WORK REC	QUESTED	
are adve plat	Revision "A" - Re	evised pages 1 above 17 protective group of coating 502AF" or Penns y used aircraft mical surface t	e coating to gs being tested. alt Cleaner #44 materials, reatments or
part epox are Ther stri	ently the epoxy pains is being stripped y paint requirements urgently needed to elefore it is necessar ppers have any delet he they will contact.	by hand. Due t ,tank stripping liminate costly y to determine	o increased operations hand stripping, if the paint
3.0 MATE	RIALS		
3.1 3.2 3.3	Texo Corp. (To be possible Pennsalt Cleaner #44 required from Penns Eighteen 2.5 x 6.0 2024-T3 aluminum all shall be anodized possible other nine pieceper P.S. 13209.	rovided by Dept 4 Paint Strippe alt Chemical Co x .040 pieces of loy. Nine of the er P.S. 13201 (es shall be MIL	・272) r - 5 pounds ・ f Alclad hese pieces Class A) and -C-5知 treated
3.4	7075~T6 aluminum al shall be anodized pother nine piccoper P.S. 13209.	loy. Nine of the P.S. 13201 (les shall be MIL	hese vieces Class A) and -C-5511 treated
2 mm 100 mm		RHEX!	PERTELECON
REFERENC	" ADDS 80 TH REPORT REQUES	1-19-62	3-1-62

3.0 MATERIALS (Continued)

- 3.5 Eighteen 2.5 x 6.0 x .040 pieces of bare 2024-T3 aluminum alloy. Nine of these pieces shall be anodized per P.S. 13201 (Class A) and the other nine pieces shall be MIL-C-5541 treated per P.S. 13209.
- 3.6 Six 2.5 x 6.0 x .040 pieces of 4130 steel heat treated to 150,000-180,000 psi. Pickle per P.S. 12050 to remove scale and polish on a buffing wheel.
- 3.7 Nine 2.5 x 6.0 x .040 pieces of 4130 steel, cadmium plated per P.S. 13101, Type II, Class 2.
- 3.8 Six 2.5 x 6.0 x .040 pieces of AZ31B-H24 magnesium, dichromate treated per P.S. 13203, Type III.
 - 3.9 Six 2.5 x 6.0 x .040 pieces of AMS 4910 (5A1.-2.5Sn) annealed titanium. Pickle per P.S. 12050 to remove scale and polish on a buffing wheel.
- 3.10 Twelve feet of 1/2" diameter 4340 annealed steel rod.
- 3.11 Six 2.5 x 6.0 x .040 pieces of AZ31B-H24 magnesium, Dow-17 treated per P.S. 13217, Type I.
 - 4.1 Rough machine the blanks per Figure 1 and forty-five blanks per Figure 2. After machining, heat treat all blanks to 260KSI to 280KSI per P.S. 15300. After heat treating, finish machine specimens per Figure 3 and Figure 4. (Note: Determine materials ability to harden before machining blanks).

4.2 Texo #502AF Test Panels

4.2.1 The following panels snown in Table I shall be cleaned by boiling 1 minute in C.P. isopropanol and 1 minute in C.P. benzene.

Number of Panels	Material	Surface Treatment	Materiaï Item No.
3	Alclad 2024-T3 AL.	Anodize	3.3
3	Alclad 2024-T3 AL.	MIL-C-5541	3.3
3	Alclad 7075-T6 AL.	Anodize	3 . 4
3	Alclad 7075-T6 AL.	MIL-C-5541	3.4
3	Bare 2024-T3 AL.	Anodize	3.5
3	Bare 2024-T3 AL	MIL-C-5911	3+5
3	4130 Steel(h.T. 150-180 KSI)	Polished	3.6
3	k130 Steel	Cadmium Plated	3.7
3 3 3	AZ318-H2L Magnesium AZ318-H2L Magnesium AMS L910 Titanium	Dichromate(P.S.1320 Dox-17(P.S.13217)I Polished	3)III 3.8 3.11 3.9

4.0 PROCEDURE (Continued)

- 4.2.2 Immediately after cleaning, the panels shall be weighed and the weight recorded.
- 4.2.3 All parels shown in Table I shall be completely immersed in a glass container of the Texo #502AF Paint Stripper at ROOM TEMPERATURE and allowed to remain for 8 hours. After immersion, the panels shall be rinsed under a stream of tap water and brushed, if necessary, until they are free of paint stripper residue.

4.2.4 The panels shall then be cleaned and weighed as specified in Para.
4.2.1 and Para. 4.2.2 above. Also the panels shall be examined for discoloration or evidence of corrosion.

4.2.5 All aluminum panels and the cadmium plated 4130 steel panels shown in "Table I" shall be exposed to salt spray in accordance with Method 811.1 of Fed. Test Method Std. 151 using a 20% salt solution. Three identical panels of each set cleaned per Para. 4.2.1 which have not been immersed in the paint remover shall also be exposed to the salt spray as controls. The panels shall be allowed to remain in the salt spray cabinet until corrosion develops on the panels which have been immersed in the paint stripper. After salt spray exposure, the panels shall be cleaned in tap water and the condition of the panels, previously immersed in the paint stripper, compared with the control panels to determine if the paint stripper had any detrimental effect on the corrosion protective properties of the chemical surface treatments and plating.

4.3 Pennsalt Cleaner #44 Test Panels

- 4.3.1 Starting with a new set of panels, repeat cleaning procedure per Para, 4.2.1.
- 4.3.2 Immediately after cleaning, the panels shall be weighed and the weight recorded.
- 4.3.3 These panels shall then be completely immersed in a glass container of the Pennsalt Cleaner #44 at 180°F and allowed to remain for 8 hours. After immersion, the panels shall be rinsed under a stream of tap water and brushed, if necessary, until they are free of paint stripper residue.
- 4.3.4 Repeat work requested in Para. 4.2.4.
- 4.3.5 All aluminum panels and the cadrium plated steel panels shall be exposed to salt spray per Para. 4.2.5. Since all panels (both for Texo #502AF and Pennsalt Cleaner #44 paint stripper) are to be exposed in salt spray cabinet at the same time, only one set of control panels which are called for in Para. 4.2.5 are required.

4.4 Notched Tensile Tests

4.4.1 Three unnotched tensile specimens per Figure 3 shall be pulled to determine tensile strength, yiels strength, percent reduction in area, and percent clongation in 1.0° gauge length. Strain rate shall be .00° in./in./minute to yield and .010 to .030 in./in./minute beyond yield.

4.0 PROCEDURE (Continued)

4.4.2 Using actual dimensions provided by "Inspection," calculate Kt value for each notch specimen.

4.4.3 Select ten specimens with Kt values representing the complete range of Kt values found in Para. 4.4.2. Determine N.T.S. from these selected ten specimens.

4.4.4 Ten notched tensile specimens shall be cleaned per Para. 4.2.1. Immediately after cleaning, five of these specimens shall be exposed to Texo #502AF paint stripper at room temperature for 8 hours. The other five specimens shall be exposed to Rennsalt Cleaner #44 at 180°F temperature for 8 hours. Immediately after exposure, specimens shall be rinsed with tap water and brushed, if necessary, until they are free of paint stripper residue. Immediately after cleaning, all ten specimens shall be loaded at 75% of the N.T.S. for 100 hours and then to 90% of the N.T.S. for 100 hours.

4.4.5 Ten specimens are to be cleaned, exposed, recleaned, and loaded per Para. 4.4.4. except loading shall start 24 hours after the paint stripper residue is removed.

4.4.6 Five control specimens shall be loaded at 75% of the N.T.S. for 100 hours and then to 90% of the N.T.S. for 100 hours.

4.4.7 Five additional notched tensile control specimens shall be baked at 375°F ± 10° for 23 hours prior to loading and loaded to 75% N.T.S. for 100 hours and then to 90% N.T.S. for 100 hours.

5.0 DATA REQUIRED

5.1 Report the weight loss of each panel and any discoloration, pitting, or any other indication of corrosion after the eight hours immersions of panels in Texo #502AF or Pennsalt Cleaner #44 paint strippers.

5.2 Report the condition of each panel as compared with the control panels after salt spray exposure and the number of hours each panel was exposed to the salt spray.

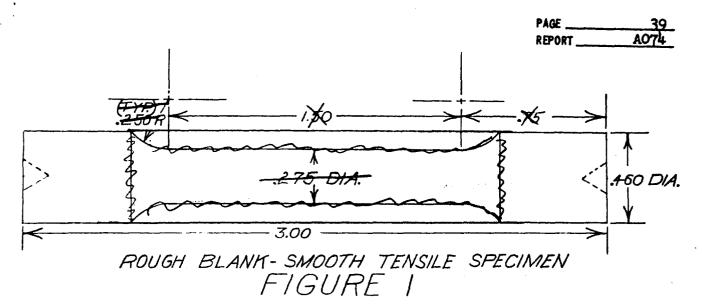
5.3 Three color pictures showing condition of all test panels after removal from salt spray; one showing all controls, one showing panels exposed to Texo #402AF, and one showing panels exposed to Pennsalt Cleaner #44.

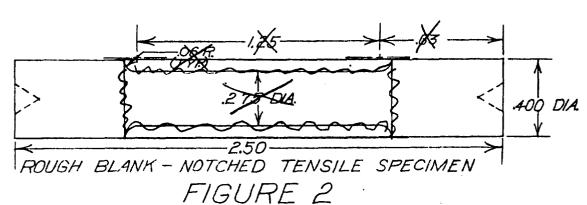
Report tensile strength, yield strength, percent reduction in area, and percent elongation in 1.0" gauge length of the three un-notched tensile specimens.

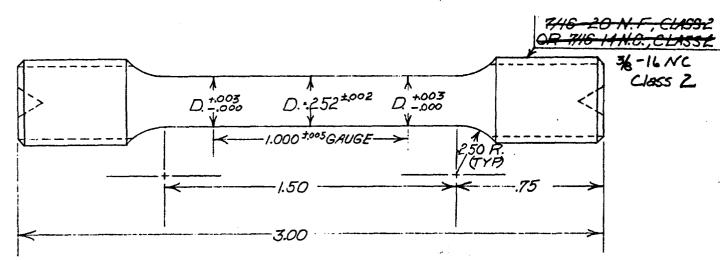
5.5 Report actual notch radius, notch diameter, smooth diameter, calculated value for Kt, and stress level for each notched tensile specimen.

5.5 Report ultimate notch tensile strength and time to failure at 75% and 90% of N.T.S. for all notched tensile specimens.

5.7 Report any other useful general information found during test.

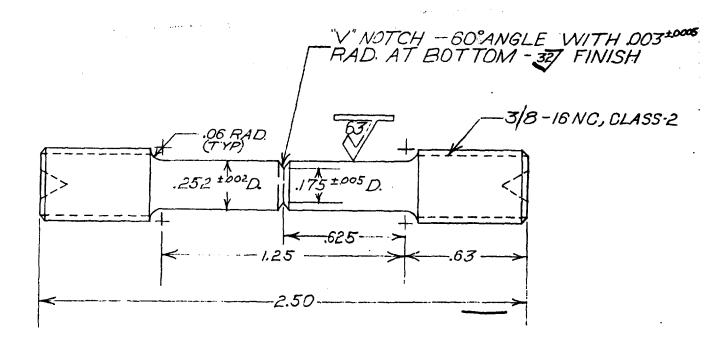






NOTE: TAPER OPTIONAL. IF NOT TAPERED, DIAMETER OF REDUCED SECTION SHALL NOT VARY BY MORE THAN ±.0005. DIAMETER AT EITHER END SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN DIAMETER AT CENTER.

SMOOTH TENSILE SPECIMEN
FIGURE 3



NOTES:

- I. CONCENTRICITY WITH RESPECT TO NOTCH AND THREAD MUST BE KEPT WITHIN .001 T.I.R.
- 2. TOOL CHATTER, METAL TEARING, OR TOOL MARKS IN THE NOTCH WILL CAUSE REJECTION.
- 3. DO NOT BUFF OR GRIND NOTCH RADIUS.

FIGURE 4

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